

Poor Old Chinese Horse.
Cato, Then Kato.
Uncle Sam Breaks Toys.
Plays Samson and Deilah.
By ARTHUR BRISBANE
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You read big headlines in all the papers:
"Nations Will Aid China."
"Nations Will Open the Chinese Door."
"Nations Will Develop China."
All what the nations will do, not what CHINA will do. In population she is four times as big as this country. But she is not able TO MANAGE HER AFFAIRS. She must take advice of other nations, swallow medicine they prescribe.

England may have a protectorate over Tibet, ruled more or less by China hitherto. Japan may get something in Manchuria, in exchange for something Chinese. It makes you feel sorry for China.
All the more reason for NOT making another China of this country by allowing other nations to share control of our affairs.

Interesting coincidences crop up in history. A few years ahead this may be quoted:
"It was a senator named Cato that always told the Romans that they ought to destroy Carthage. Nineteen hundred years later a Japanese admiral named Kato—change in one letter only—was sent by Japan to tell America what SHE ought to do about her navy."

Governor Morgan, of West Virginia, protests against the scrapping of the dreadnaught named for his State. Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee are expected to protest against scrapping other magnificent battleships. Well they may. What are we, hysterical children?
At one moment, seized with the fear of war, we spend billions. Then, with a sloppy sentimental fever of brotherly love, we pile up, scrapping hundreds of millions.

There should be in Congress power and common sense to prevent breaking up the nation's dearly bought defense, as spoiled children break their toys.
Can we not trust ourselves to keep these ships ready, in case of emergency?
Behold Uncle Sam in his great, magnificent double impersonation as Samson AND Deilah.

As Samson he says to himself, "I am too strong; I must do something about it."
As Deilah he says, "I know how to fix myself; I'll cut off my own hair."

You can't blame Samson. He went to sleep, and his hair was cut off against his will.
But you would have called him an awful idiot if, with enemies thick around him, he had snipped off his own locks.
Every American should read what Lord Northcliffe says of the Japanese menace. Mr. Hearst is printing it in big type in all his newspapers. It ought to be printed in large type on the walls of the Senate, the House of Representatives, and the Continental Hall, where the conference meets.

As Northcliffe now speaks, warningly, of Japan, so he spoke of Germany to this writer and dozens of other Americans, when he was here, a few months before the war.
"Germany is getting ready for war, and that war will come soon; Europe does not realize it," said he.
He proved technical knowledge, adding, "The fact that he is ahead of all nations in artillery. One of her guns no other nation equals." That was proved in the war.

Northcliffe knows what war between the United States and Japan would cost England. It would mean chaos in British Asia.
Japan is encouraged in her warlike preparations, spending half of her national income getting ready for war, because her alliance with England strengthens the military party.

WEATHER

Unsettled weather; occasional rains tonight and Thursday. Warmer Thursday. Moderate east and southeast winds. Temperature at 8 a. m. 42 degrees.

MARINES KILL TWO MAIL BANDITS AS TRAIN SPEEDS OUT OF CAPITAL

THIRD ROBBER TAKEN PRISONER IN BATTLE ON CITY'S OUTSKIRTS

Two alleged mail bandits were shot to death and a third was captured by marines on Train No. 9, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, which left Washington for Pittsburgh at 10:20 o'clock last night, according to a telegram received this morning by the chief postoffice inspector here.

Discovering the bandits as the train was leaving the Capital, the Marines are said to have followed to the letter Secretary of the Treasury Denby's instructions to "shoot to kill." The identity of the two dead men could not be learned here up to noon.

P. Wasserman, of the Washington Barracks, was one of the marines on the train, assigned to guard the mails. Clerk Hunter, of the Postoffice Department, also was aboard the train. It was Hunter, whose home is said to be in Washington, who sent the telegram from Pittsburgh, stating that the two alleged robbers were shot to death and the third captured.

It was stated this morning that the first clash of the marines with the bandits occurred as the train was speeding between Rhode Island avenue and University station.

According to a report made to the police this morning by Fred R. White, yardmaster in the employ of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, he was told that several marines noticed the alleged bandits trying to get into the mail car after the train left Washington.

P. O. Department Silent.
They are said to have fired on the alleged bandits, but it is not known here whether or not any of the shots took effect.

Inspectors of the Postoffice Department this morning refused to give any details of the report, declaring "they were investigating the rumor."

Arrangements are practically complete for the Congressional trip to Canada next Sunday, to study the sales tax, under the auspices of The Washington Times and other Hearst newspapers.

The delegation will number about eighty.
The list for members of the House was closed last night.
The guest list for Senators will close on Friday.

Many Going to Army Game.
On Friday badges of identification will be distributed to the delegates. These badges will serve in lieu of railroad tickets.

It was ascertained today that about two-thirds of the delegates will go to New York to witness the Army-Navy football game on Saturday. These delegates will join the sales tax party at the Grand Central Station on Sunday, reporting at 6:30 p. m., when a dinner, to be attached to the Sales Tax Special to Montreal, will be served.

Germany's New Envoy Here To Succeed Bernstorff



Baron von Thiermann

Baron Edmund von Thiermann, the newly-appointed charge d'affaires of the German embassy in Washington. He is the first accredited representative of his country since Count von Bernstorff left in April, 1917. The photo shows the baron getting his first view of the "Land of the Free and the Home of the Brave."

EUROPE'S TRADE CHAOS MENACES U.S., IS WARNING

Twenty-Year Moratorium on Allied Obligations Suggested By James Simpson.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—An interesting review of conditions abroad is contained in an interview with James Simpson, vice president of Marshall Field & Co., who has just returned from a two-month trip through France, England, Germany, and Switzerland. Mr. Simpson said:

Chaos Is General.
"In Europe is economical and financial chaos. Unless something is promptly done to avert the disaster which approaches with constantly increasing rapidity, it will spread from one country to another until we are all involved in the maelstrom."

The leading minds of Europe, while recognizing disaster, are looking as through a fog and know not which way to turn. They feel that their only hope lies in America assuming leadership in the restoration of an orderly state of affairs as between nations.

"You may say: 'What care we? Perhaps we do not, and thus far I am inclined to believe so.'"
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SEN. REED 'TAKES BACK' REMARKS ABOUT VOLSTEAD

Senator James Reed (Dem.) of Missouri, today retracted his statement that Andrew J. Volstead reminded him "of burners of witches."

At Reed's request the Senator expunged the remark from the Congressional Record. Reed made the statement in the course of an attack on Volstead during a debate August 18. A full page of Reed's remarks are stricken out. Reed's criticisms of Volstead were stricken from the record at the suggestion of Senator Curtis of Kansas, the Republican whip, who received a telegram from Reed sent from Kansas City requesting that they be eliminated.

RICHMOND WELCOMES FOCH AND GIVES HIM MEDAL

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 24.—The South today paid its tribute to the Generalissimo of the Allied Armies, Marshal Ferdinand Foch, of France, in one of the most elaborate parades ever staged in this historic city. Multitudes lined the streets, cheering lustily as Marshal Foch, heading the parade, passed by. Gay decorations marked the line of march, and a holiday spirit prevailed.

Parley to Discuss War Debts Rejected By U. S.

ARBUCKLE AIMS TO BE VINDICATED

Defense Seeks Not Only Freedom, But Absolute Clearance of Murder Stain.

By ELLIS H. MARTIN.
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—Roosevelt ("Fatty") Arbuckle was fighting today for vindication.
"We want to make the defense case so complete and so convincing that not only will this defendant be acquitted, but he will stand vindicated," Gavin McNab, his chief counsel, said today.

Fatty May Take Stand.
Two upsets at the outset of the defense in no way disheartened McNab and his associates. It was learned today that it is the intention of the defense to set up a theory to account for the happenings construed by the State as evidence of the film star's guilt.

"Arbuckle is ready and willing to take the stand—in fact anxious to do so," a member of the defense counsel said today. "The progress of the case will decide."

"We hope he does," was the comment of District Attorney Brady. "I have contended from the first that there were two persons who could explain what happened in room 1219 at the Arbuckle party. If Arbuckle won't—no one else can."

"But," he added significantly, "we will give him a warm afternoon if he takes the stand."

The defense on opening somewhat disarranged their witness schedule in order to repair with as much haste as possible damaging evidence given by Dr. E. O. Heinrichs, consulting criminologist, who, in true "Sherlock Holmes" style, identified the hand print of a woman with the hand of a man superimposed on the door of room 1219 as those of Virginia Rappe and Roscoe Arbuckle.

SENATOR WALSH DENOUNCES SECRET TAX CONFERENCE

The legislative system which permitted the rewriting of the tax bill in secret conference was denounced in the Senate today by Senator Walsh (D) of Mass., member of the Senate finance committee, as "damnable and contemptible" and "ruinous and destructive of representative government."

Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, acting Democratic leader who joined with Walsh in attacking the Republican conferees for reducing corporation and estate taxes fixed by a majority of the Senate, declared he would offer a motion to recommit the conference report on the bill with instructions to the Senate conferees to insist upon the adoption of the Senate amendments eliminated.

VILLA COLONEL ARRESTED; REVOLT NIPPED IN BUD

NOGALES, Ariz., Nov. 23.—A. Amavizca, a former colonel in the forces of Francisco Villa, is incarcerated today at Nogales, Sonora, charged with being implicated in a plot to foment revolution in the state of Sonora. A. Vasquez, a civil engineer, of Sonora, is being held for investigation.

The arrest of Amavizca, Sonora authorities believe, has nipped in the bud a widespread plot for revolution in Mexico. Arrests of other alleged leaders in the revolt movement is expected.

Why We Must Have Ample Equipment of Submarines

GREAT BRITAIN asks to have the submarine discarded by all the navies of the world. This is not surprising, but it is very surprising to see American newspapers seconding the request and urging the Armament Conference to adopt the recommendation.

The submarine is the only naval weapon that England fears. It threatened her disintegration as a nation by threatening her control of the seas. For 140 years—ever since it was invented by David Bushnell, a Yale College freshman, in the Revolutionary War—Great Britain has tried to find some antidote for it or to destroy it. She tried to suppress the original invention. When that failed she succeeded in blinding the world into a disbelief in the submarine.

Baron Fisher, of Kilverstone, first lord of the British admiralty, in his book published after the World War, writes:

"The most striking feature of the pre-war period was the astounding disregard and absolute ridicule cast upon the submarine on the high seas. Officers called them playthings, yet they sent 7,000,000 tons of British tonnage to the bottom of the sea with their still more valuable and irreplaceable cargoes. When at manoeuvres before the war a young submarine commander had torpedoed a hostile Admiral three times—such is the story—and claimed the admiral's ship as a prize, all the change he got for his claim was a signal from the admiral, 'You be damned!' In a memorandum which I had printed and circulated in January, 1914, seven months before the war, these words may be found in large capital letters: 'The submarine is the coming type of war vessel for sea fighting.'"

England's naval policy never changes. It is like her diplomacy, which always makes alliances with other powers against the nation which at the moment she regards as her greatest competitor.

When our own Robert Fulton, inventor of the steamboat, made an improved American submarine during the Napoleonic wars he offered it to William Pitt, then prime minister of England. Fulton's boat was modeled after that of Bushnell, the Yale graduate, made thirty-five years earlier. It was propelled by hand by one navigator within; in those days there were, of course, no electrical power, no motors and no steam engines.

Pitt had the intellect and the imagination to see the importance of the invention. He sent Fulton to Lord St. Vincent, then first lord of the admiralty, with a letter of introduction. That bluff old British sailor exploded with rage as soon as Fulton showed his plans. The British admiralty chief's remarks indicate that he immediately grasped the significance of Fulton's boat. He exclaimed:

"What a fool Pitt is! He asks me to encourage a kind of warfare which is useless to those who are masters of the sea and which, if it succeeds, WILL EVEN DEPRIVE THEM OF THEIR MASTERY."

Lord St. Vincent had no intention of helping Fulton develop his submarine. He tried instead to suppress it—to prevent an enemy from using it. Great Britain finally offered Fulton a large sum of money for his invention. In a letter to Lord Granville, which is still extant, Fulton indignantly rejected this proposal: "Not for twenty thousand a year," he wrote, "would I do what you suggest."

The submarine has no equal or substitute as a weapon for coast defense for the United States. We

FINANCES NOT TO BE INVOLVED IN ISSUES

America Determined Armaments Question Must Be Settled First.

By International News Service.
The United States has rejected proposals made by foreign delegates to the armament conference that a separate economic conference be held here to discuss world financial matters, it was stated officially today.

American Firm in Stand.
All of the participating powers have made suggestions that there should be an economic conference. It was said, but the United States has been firm in its stand that the primary purpose of the present conference is limitation of armaments and that this Government desires to settle that matter first.

Officials of this Government take the position that if the United States should initiate an economic conference it would place this Government in a position of having to make proposals to the other nations.

There have been many indications that the foreign delegates, now here, would like to discuss the question of foreign debts, it was said, but this Government does not believe this question should be taken up at this time.

A successful outcome of the armament conference would have a remedial effect upon world economic conditions, officials here believe, and until this conference has completed its work discussion of economic matters would be out of place. Officials today said progress of the conference has already had a stabilizing effect upon foreign exchange.

Naval Experts Require More Time to Work Out Details of Reduction

By T. J. SANDIFER.
International News Service.

Several days may elapse before the experts representing the three great naval powers will be ready to thrash out in formal session the final program for limitation of naval armaments. It was said today by one of the chief American advisers.

Satisfactory progress is being made, it is said, but for numerous reasons neither the American or any other naval group is willing yet to go into a formal session of the delegates and lay before them the definite results of the negotiations.

This is readily understood, it was said, when the situation of the foreign groups is considered. They are thousands of miles from their headquarters, and there are innumerable details which cannot be considered definitely without reference to home authorities.

Conference Expected To Avoid Any Attempt To Reduce Land Forces

By International News Service.
The armament conference will completely sidestep any actual attempt to limit or reduce the size of armies. This became virtually assured today when it was announced that Premier Briand, of France, will sail for home on Friday, and that he will be accompanied by General Brist, chief of the French general staff, and most of the high military advisers of the French delegation here.